GEN. WEYLER DESOLATING THE PROVINCE OF PINAR DEL RIO.

to Starve Out Macco Slaughtering All Cattle and Burning Provision Stores.

PLUNDER, MURDER

ALL ALONG THE MARCH OF THE CAPTAIN GENERAL'S TROOPS.

None of the Insurgents Seen by th "Butcher" in His Brass Band Parade from Artemisa.

KEY WEST, Fla., Dec. 1.-Weyler's threat that he would starve out Maceo seems likely to be carried out, as from all reports from Mariel, near where Weyler is now, the work of destruction is being carried out fully. The Spanish army sweeps everything before it, killing beeves that it cannot use, burning cane fields and small stores with their provisions, and leaving a wide waste of ruin and desolation in its wake. People vainly implore Weyler to leave them provisions to keep them alive, but his brutal officers refuse with oaths and insulting words, if not worse. Over 300 refugees have come into Mariel since Weyler went out this last time, all giving the same story of rapine, plunder and murder

of the Spaniards. A Spanish guerrilla captain named Colzazo is accused of murdering over one hundred persons in the valleys one hundred miles south of Mariel during the latter part of November. In one instance he is acgirls in a church, and, after they had been repeatedly abused and maltreated by his men, burned the building with them in it Many other outrages, all as horrible, are charged to him and his company.

CUBANS ARE HIDING.

Weyler Must Go Into the Mountains if He Wants to Find Maceo.

HAVANA, Dec. 1 .- Captain General Weyler and his big army of Spaniards have, so far, been unable to find General Maceo and his band of insurgents. In fact, according to advices from the front, General Weyler's ostentatious hunt for rebels has resulted and children by Spanish soldiers on the occasion of Weyler's previous visit to the province of Pinar del Rio the Cubans have grown shy, and their sympathizers here say that Weyler must leave his brass bands behind and go into the mountain fastnesses if he expects "good sport;" that Maceo and his men can only be found by "still hunt-

Captain General Weyler, after leaving San Cristobal on Saturday, reviewed the troops in that vicinity and then moved with his columns towards the burned town of Santa Cruz de los Pinos, camped the same night at Taco, and on Sunday went by the highway towards Palacios and San Diego, passing the farms of Puercos, Gordos and Ciegos. He arrived at the old picturesque town of Palacios, where he camped on Monday without firing a shot the whole way from San Cristobal. At Palacios the captain general joined forces with the columns of General Obregon and Colonel Alsino, the latter's troops being detailed to form the advance guard of the army, Colonel Seguera being given the

command of the rear guard. General Figuera, hearing that the insurgent bands of Degado, Verijel and Cartillo were encamped at the Navia farm, near San Jose des los Lajas, left that town at sunrise yesterday and engaged the enemy at 6 o'clock in the morning. The insurgent were divided into two large parties, and vance guard. Soon afterwards two squadrons of the Pizarro regiment charged the enemy, and the Navas battalion attacked the insurgents' left flank, capturing the first positions. After this advantage the insurgents were successively dislodged from the other positions, and were eventually disbanded and fled to the Sierra Blajano Managuaco and Vijia. The firing lasted five hours. On the government side Cap-tain Manuel Perez, Lieutenant Vallanillo, of the Pizarro regiment, were killed. The insurgents are believed to have lost over

General Linares, while reconnoitering the heights near Abundance and other places in Santiago de Cuba, destroyed an intrenched camp of the insurgents, who left eight men killed. The troops lost nine men Admiral De Navarro sails to-morrow on

board the cruiser Lagazpi for Cape San Antonio, at the extreme western end of Pinar del Rio, and will afterwards go to The coasting steamer Triton has arrived here, having on board 400 sick solliers from

At the request of the Mexican consul Jose Pech, under arrest on political charges and accused of being a cattle thief, has been liberated, but expelled from the island. Typhold fever has broken out at Los Palacios and is spreading. The government is sending an expert commission to inquir into the condition, and measures are being taken to increase the house capacity of the town and to improve the sanitary condi-

The government will publish in the offi-cial Gazette to-morrow a decree recalling the gold bank bills from circulation and providing for the issue of silver bills in ac-cordance with the scheme of conversion al-ready published.

HE WAS PERSONA NON GRATA. Ex-Consul General to Havana Wil-

liams Tells Why He Resigned.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1 .- Ramon A. Willlams, ex-consul general of the United States at Havana, arrived at his home in Brooklyn to-day from a trip through England, France and Spain. He consented to mystery, and the reasons for which have not before been made public. There was talk at the time that Mr. Williams and Secretary of State Gresham differed regarding the policy of this government teward American citizens, but General Williams declined to discuss that point. He said that his resignation was given because his activity in the cases of American citizens under arrest made him perpleasant. The particular episode in which Mr. Williams incurred the dislike of Spain, he says, was his insistence that Sanguilly, Aguirre and Carillo, who were arrested reb. 24, 1895, as insurgents and court-martialed, should be tried in the civil courts

"Both the captain general and the insular secretary of state were entirely ignorant of the existence of Article 7. The captain general became offended because I demanded the transfer from military to civil jurisdiction, and the case was reported in such a manner to the Madrid government as to almost provoke the revocation of my exequatur. I was guided in this by a recollection of similar cases which had come under my notice in Cuba. I was a young man employed as a clerk in Havana in 1851, when the Crittenden men were shot. regardless of the treaty of 1755. I was a merchant in Havana when the Virginius men were shot in 1873, an almost similar case. Again, while I was there, Zeccanea, an Italian-American citizen, who had gone, representing certain Spanish elements, to negotiate terms of peace with the insurgents in the eastern department during the last insurrection, in 1878, and who was arrested by the Spanish forces, tried by cort-martial, condemned to death and that in the fort at Cabannas, where San-

under Article 7 of the treaty of 1795. Mr.

guilly and the Competitor prisoners are now held, regardless of the safeguards of the treaty of 1795, and the safe conduct given to him by the Spanish minister at Washington. The recollection of these cases enabled me to make quick and earnest defense of these men, and it was this action on my part that gave offense to the Spanish authorities at Cuba. I was then

"Acting on the rule that no man of self respect would want to return to or enter any place where he believes he is persona non grata, and, therefore, not welcome, resolved not to continue longer in the position of consul general to the island, and signified my desire to resign. The circumstances, however, were of such a character that I went back to Havana, resumed charge of the office and continued the defense of Sanguilly until the case was transferred to the civil courts. A few weeks before this the case of the American citizen Jose Cepro, who had been arrested and subjected to court-martial, and several other American citizens had been treated the same way, and in consequence I was not able to present my resignation in due form until February, 1896."

Mr. Williams said that he returned to

Havana only on the earnest solicitation of President Cleveland himself, and added that Secretary Gresham's subsequent illness and death occurred too soon to admit of his personally explaining to the secretary his views on the matter.

ERNST BESTED

KNOCKED OUT BY JACK EVERHARDT

IN THE TWENTIETH ROUND.

Sharkey and Fitzsimmons to Meet To-Night-Narrow Escape of "Bob"

from Serious Injury.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 1.-Jack Everhardt, of New Orleans, knocked Billy Ernst, of Brooklyn, out in the twentieth round of a twenty-round fight here tonight, after clever fighting. The fight was preceded by two ten-round contests, in which Charles Johnson, of Philadelphia, knocked out Wiley Evans, of California, in two rounds at 145 pounds. In the light weight class the referee gave the decision to George Siddons in ten rounds from Mike McManus, of Albany.

hardt and Ernst stepped into the ring at 138 pounds. In the first ten rounds Ernst blows, but they were not as heavy as those landed by Everhardt, who, when he made a rush, would force Ernst to the ropes. Everhardt played this game through the whole fight. In the thirteenth round was very nearly a knockout. The last few rounds were fought as follows, the men up to the seventeenth showing little effect

Round 17-Ernst opened with a right on the jaw, and followed it with a vicious upper cut. Ernst upper cut again and then planted a left directly on the face. Everhardt put a left on the jaw. Everhardt forced, but his blows did not land.

Round 18-Everhardt rushed and landed on the jaw. Ernst landed a left on the face. Both men sparred. Everhardt hugged Ernst and forced him to the ropes, fighting viciously, and tried again on the break-away, but Ernst landed two upper cuts. Round 19-They sparred lightly for an opening and Everhardt opened hostilities with a hard le't on Ernst's neck. Ernst forced the fighding a little and landed his left hand, uppercutting with telling force. The close of the round was rather tame, the men sparring for wind. Round 20-Everhardt went at his man

hammer and tongs when the gong sounded repes with a vicious left-hand swing. Be-fere Ernst could recover Everhardt landed left on Ernst which sent him to the floor. He staggered to his feet, and Ever-hardt was upon him in an instant with a volley of blows that drove him to the floor. Without attempting to count Ernst out Referee Johnny Eckhardt gave the fight to

SHARKEY AND FITZSIMMONS.

Betting on Their Fight To-Night Largely in Favor of the Latter. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 1.-Interest in simmons and Sharkey is increasing and the Mechanics' pavilion will probably be crowded to witness the ten-round contest. Sharkey is still confident of the decision, although the betting is all against him. The most favorable betting for him to-day is even money that he will not last six rounds. The wagers on the entire ten rounds are about 3 to 1 in favor of Fitzsimmons. When Fitzsimmons puts on the gloves to-morrow night he will weigh close to 175 pounds and Sharkey will scale about the same figure. No referee has yet been agreed on, and if none is chosen by Moon to-morrow the National Club will select a referee without regard to the wishes of

The agility and presence of mind of Fitz-simmons to-day prevented the postponement of his fight with Sharkey and probably saved the life of the lanky pugilist. Bob was out on the road near Sausalito today taking his final run before the fight. He was being paced by a boy on a bicycle, while Mrs. Fitzsimmons drove a cart be-Behind Mrs. Fitzsimmons was a four-seated trap drawn by a spirited horse. This animal became frightered and dashed down the road which wound around the hillside. The frightened animal passed the clatter. Bob jumped for his life and rolled over and over down the hill. The wheels of the trap missed his head by bout three inches, but he escaped unhurt. The boy on the bicycle was not so fortunate. His wheel was smashed and he was severely bruised. Two children who were riding in the trap were thrown out

and badly hurt. Jack McAuliffe has accepted the challenge of George Green (Young Corbett) the welterweight, to meet him in a ten-round contest. Green agrees to knock McAuliffe out inside of ten rounds. The fight will occur-

Evansville Wants the Big Fight. EVANSVILLE, Ind., Dec. 1.-There is bett-Fitzsimmons fight. If it should suc-Dan Stuart, with whom the local men are is plenty of money in sight to make the affair entirely successful, and it is believed several glove fights have been pulled off here recently with policemen present, to get the fight here is an earnest one, and contrary action by police authorities, which is not expected, is the only reason, should Dan Stuart agree, to prevent it.

TWO TRUSTS GONE.

Dissolution of the American Sanitary Ware Association. TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 1.-The American Sanitary Ware Association, composed of met here to-day and decided to dissolve. and discounts. The principal reason given for the dissolution is that potteries outside of the association, located in Trenton and Maryland, insisted upon cutting prices,

so it was thought best to wind up the af-

fairs of the association and leave the mem-

bers free to use their individual judgment.

Wire Null Trust Dissolves Again. NEW YORK, Dec. 1.-At a meeting of the Wire-nail Manufacturers' Association. H. Parks, treasurer of the nail association, said that its affairs would be wound conform so far as possible to the desires of the retail trade. The nail association, he said, had been operating since June, 1855. It had lived much longer than its most sanguine promoters expected, and as a financial undertaking had been an unpre-cedented success. It had attracted worldwide admiration in commercial circles, as a co-operative organization, owing to its session in defeating the consideration of exceptional efficiency and comprehensive the Dingley tariff bill, and who subseness. "Its present abandonment," said Mr. Parks, "is not due to any adverse conditions in the organization, or to any in-ternal differences or shortcomings, but solely to the large growth of outside com-petition, which has sprung up within the last few months."

NOVEMBER TREASURY STATEMEN DECIDEDLY UNFAVORABLE.

Last Month Expenditures Exceeded Receipts \$7,050,024, Making \$39,-946,846 in Five Months.

INCREASED \$8,270,203

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S MESSAGE NEARLY READY FOR CONGRESS.

That Portion Relating to Cuba Hele Back for Late Developments-The Appropriation Bills.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.-The statement of the public debt issued to-day shows that on Nov. 30 the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$995,769,159, an increase for the month of \$8,270,203. This increase is accounted for by a corresponding decrease in the amount of cash on hand. The debt is recapitulated as follows: Interest-bearing debt, \$847,364,520; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,591,620; debt bearing no interest, \$372,170,117; total, \$1,221,126, 257. This, however, does not include \$567,-523,923 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding which are offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury.

The cash in the treasury is recapitulated as follows, cents omitted: Gold, \$169,527,101; silver, \$509,680,450; paper, \$139,616,155; bonds disbursing officers' balances, etc., \$17,137,872; total, \$835,961,579, against which there are demand liabilities amounting to \$610,604,481, which leaves a cash balance in the treas-

Mike McManus, of Albany.

The comparative statement of the receipts and Everand expenditures of the United States shows that during November, 1896, the total 650,489, and the expenditures \$171,597,335. The deficit for the month of November therefore is \$7,050,024, and for the five months \$39,946,846 as compared with \$15,869,337 for the The receipts from customs during November amounted to \$9,930,385; from internal revenue, \$13,104,828, and from miscellaneous sources, \$2,175,482. This is a loss in customs as compared with November, 1895, of \$1,524,-929; a gain from internal revenue of \$64,744. and a gain of \$684,379 from miscellaneous

The monthly statement of the controller of the currency shows that on Nov. 30 the amount of national bank notes in circulation was \$235,312,103, an increase for the month of \$414,446, and for the last twelve lation, based on United States bonds, was \$216,609,684, an increase for the month of \$99,670, and for the last twelve months of \$26,140,158. The amount of circulation secured by lawful money was \$18,702,419, an increase for the month of \$314,776, and a decrease for the last twelve months of \$4,699,351. The amount of United States registered bonds on deposit to secure circulating notes was \$241,272,150, and to secure public deposits \$15,903,000

The statement of the director of the mint shows that during the month of November, 896, the total coinage at the mints of the United States was \$7.458,722, of which \$5,064,700 was gold, \$2,305,022 silver and \$89,000 minor coins. The coinage of standard silver dollars during the month was \$1,914,000.

Subtreasury Operations. NEW YORK, Dec. 1 .- The receipts, payments and balances at the subtreasury today were as follows: Receipts, \$2,113,668; payments. \$2,475,074; balances, currency \$43.178,247; coin certificates. \$1.073,341; coin. \$121,397.700; total, \$165,649,288. The currency transfers at the subtreasury to-day amounted to \$100,000.

APPROPRIATIONS.

Chairman Cannon Discusses the Work Before His Committee.

WASHINGTON. Dec. 1.-There were number of the House committee on appropriations at the capitol to-day. The subcommittee on the legislative bill had a long conference with the civil-service commissioners. Chairman Cannon, in speaking of mitteee has jurisdiction. The various sub- was not regarded as serious enough alone committees no doubt will make consider- to cost him his office. able progress in analyzing these estimates before Congress meets on next Monday. It would not be proper for me at this time to speak of the details of any of these estimates, but as published recently the estimates for fortifications amount to something more than \$15,000,000. At the last session of Congress there was an important departure from the methods of appropriations for fortifications by giving to the secretary of war authority to enter into contracts for material and labor for the construction of gun and mortar batteries at the important ports of our seacoast to the extent of \$2,500,000. Just what the department has done in the way of acting under the authority has not been developed The committee will possibly be enabled to to report to the House on the first or second day of the session. It expects to have the legislative bill in condition to report the middle or last of the first week of

"What, in your judgment, will be policy of the committee touching liberal appropriations for the public service? "It is perfectly well understood that the not equal to the expenditures, and that the deficit has been and is being paid from the proceeds of money borrowed at interest. Keeping this condition in view, in my judgment, the committee will provide by ap propriation for an effective public service, aking care, however, to avoid extravarequirements of the government economically administered.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

It Is Rendy for the Printer, Except that Portion Relating to Cuba. relate to the business of their respective addition to being a very fast outfielder he departments. With one exception the mesonly a few finishing touches This exception is most important, for it concerns the treatment of the Cuban question. In the natural order of things this subject, coming under the head of foreign relations, would occupy a most prominent place in to put through with Louisville at the relay before Congress in that connection, and probably it will not be until the end of this week and at the very last moment that missing paragraphs will be supplied. Of course any expression of opinion as to the nature of the President's views respecting Cuba are only speculative at present, but so far there can be found no warrant for the assumption that he has determined on any decided change in the policy to be pursued by the administra-

THE DINGLEY BILL.

Senator Cannon Opposes the Measure. but Mr. Hale Wants It Passed. WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.-Senator Cannon of Utah, who has reached Washington, and who was one of the Republican silver senators that joined the Democrats last the Dingley tariff bill, and who subsequently bolted the St. Louis convention, says that the reasons which induced him to vote against that measure at the last session are accentuated now by the discovery that some of the interests which last session favored its immediate enact-

ment are now opposed to it. This, he says, is especially true of the wool industry, on the ground that the present enactment of the Dingley bill would delay the enactment of a satisfactory measure containing adequate protection for the wool growers, and in the end might defeat a complete tariff revision on protective lines. He is not inclined to believe that a serious

effort will be made to pass the Dingley bill at this session. Senator Hale to-day expressed the opinion that the Senate would take up and, he hoped, pass the Dingley bill at the session to begin next Monday. "We ought to have it," said he, "for the treasury reports show the great need of more revenue. While I would not attempt to speak for all of them, I am satisfied that some of the silver Republicans will give their assistance to the passage of the bill, and I cannot believe that the Democrats would put any unusual obstructions in the way of the success of the measure. Furthermore, I am quite sure that Mr. Cleveland would not veto the bill if it should be presented to him."

Awaiting Action on Chapman's Case. WASHINGTON, Dec. 1 .- District Attorney Birney has decided not to press for the present the cases against Messrs. Havemyer and Searles, of the Sugar Trust; Mr. John W. Macarty, a stock broker of this city, and Messrs. J. S. Shriver and E. J. Edwards, correspondents, respectively, of the New York Mail and Express and the Philadelphia Press, for refusing to answer question put to them by the Senate Sugar Trust investigating committee. This course is taken for the reason that the Chapman case decided yesterday by the United States Supreme Court on a technical question of practice, is regarded as a test suit and Mr. Birney will await the outcome of habeas corpus proceedings which it is understood Mr. Chapman will take for the purpose of testing the constitutional rights of wit-

Lumbermen and the Tariff. CHICAGO, Dec. 1.-A call for a national conevention of lumber interests, to be held at Cincinnati Dec. 15, to urge a restoration of the tariff on lumber, was issued to-day. After condemning the tariff act of 1894 and urging the necessity of concerted action, the call concludes: "We, therefore, on behalf of the trade, call a convention of the lumber industry of the United States to be held at the Grand Hotel in the city of Cincinnati on Tuesday, the 15th of December, to which convention out the convention of the latest action and the convention of the latest action. to which convention every lumbermen's organization of the United States, whether local, State or sectional, or devoted to any particular branch of the lumber industry, is invited and urged to send delegates. The invitation is furthermore extended to individual members of the lumber trade

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.-Commissioner General Stump, of the Immigration Bureau, has returned to Washington after an absence of about two months in Europe. Mr. corresponding five months of last year. Stump visited several European capitals for the purpose of explaining to the aulaws, with a view to securing such action on the part of European governments as would prevent the departure from their ports for the United States of such classes of immigrants as are debarred from landing by our laws. Mr. Stump was successful in his mission, as the Italian government has already given instructions to the proper officials not to issue passports to bassengers for the United States who are not clearly entitled to land under existing laws and regulations.

Senator Voorhees Recovering.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Dec. 1 .- John E. Lamb, of Terre Haute, writes that Senator Voorhees, while not a well man by any means he will be able to take his seat when Congress assembles. Mr. Lamb sets at rest the reports that have been in circulation in Washington for weeks that the senator is completely broken down and that his active career is at an end. He says the senator's health has wonderfully improved during the last fortnight. This is welcome news to Senator Voorhees's thousands of friends at the national capital and to his colleagues, by whom he has come to be greatly beloved of late years.

Worth \$12,000 a Pound.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.-United States Consul Morris, at Ghent, in a report to the State Department, says that the European newspapers have been much interested of late in a question propounded as to what is the most expensive product in the world. The answer given by Wilfred Fonvielle is charcoal thread, employed as filaments for incandescent electric lamps, which, in the shape of filaments for thirty-candle-power lamps, is worth \$12,000 per pound. It requires one and one-half million of these filaments to make a pound, and their total length would be 187 miles.

Another Postmaster Removed. WASHINGTON, Dec. 1 .- The President has appointed the following postmasters in Illinois: Alton, Julia Buckmaster, to fill vacancy caused by death; Atlanta, Marcellus Keene, vice John W. Barr, removed. Barr's flecting on his personal character. It was also alleged that he was overzealous in his political views, though this complaint

Medal for Bravery.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1 .- A medal of honor has been awarded to John S. Durhan, of Kansas City, Kan., late sergeant Company First Wisconsin Infantry Volunteers, for distinguished gallantry in action at the battle of Perryville, Ky., Oct. 8, 1862.

TWO NEW PLAYERS.

A Brace of Good Ones Secured for Indianapolis.

Manager Watkins returned vesterday from Louisville with good news for th thousands of people here who hope to see Indianapolis capture another pennant next to buy the releases of Eustace and McFarland, and he landed both men. The deal was an expensive one, as their releases cost revenues received by the government are Indianapolis in the neighborhood of \$1,000, but they are said to be well worth the

nounced by Arthur Irwin and "Billy" Barnie the best in any minor league. He gance and limiting appropriations to the played in the Southern League a while, then drifted East, was picked up by Louisville and shortly afterwards "farmed" to Barnie's Hartford, Conn., club in the At lantic League. He is one of the cleveres right-handed bunters in the business and "place hitter." With men on bases Eus tace is pretty sure, two times out of three, to advance them or bring them in. He is twenty-two years old and about the build of McCarthy.

McFarland is an outfielder and catcher, and while with Des Moines last season led the Western Association in batting. He hit around .385 out there and about .300 while in the National League with Louisville. In height, heavier in build and twenty-one years old. McFarland is at present attending Drake University at Des Moines. Eustace is in New York city. The men have not yet been signed, but Manager Watkins anticipates no trouble in making terms with them. It is the deal he tried the very beginning of the message and so | cent Chicago meeting, but was unable then might be expected to receive early treat-ment at the hands of the President. There McGunnigle was pretty sore over the Shanis still a gap in that part of the message, | non matter last season, but this has worn however, notwithstanding several efforts off since then and Watkins was able to have been made to close it up, for the make the purchase. With Eustace on third varying phases of the campaign now in and Shiebeck at short the Indianapolis progress in Cuba have made it necessary | team will be stronger than ever. Then, too, to change considerably the views the these men increase the bitting strength of President and Secretary Olney desire to the club very materially. Both are fast The offices of the Indianapolis club have been moved from No. 13 to 83 and 84 on the top floor of the When building. The "hoo-

> PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 1.-The fact that George T. Stallings, manager of the Detroit Baseball Club, has been selected by Messrs. Reach and Rogers to manage the Philadelphias next season was made known to-night. It is said that all negotiations have been completed. During the six years which Mr. Stallings has acted as manager in the Southern and Western Leagues his club has won the pennant each season except during 1896, when a combina-tion of accidents prevented the Detroits from finishing higher than third. He is now at his home in Nashville, Tenn., but will soon be able to report in Philadelphia

Stallings to Manage Quakers.

doo" may now be removed.

to consult about any changes that may be made in the Philadelphia team and to complete arrangements for taking absolute control of the players. Edward Hanlon Sued for \$800. ST. LOUIS, Dec. 1 .- President Von der Ahe, of the St. Louis Baseball Club, has

brought suit against Edward Hanlon, manager of the Baltimore Ball Club, for \$800, which amount he claims to have lent Hanlon upon the occasion of the "Orioles" " final visit to this city last sum-

TROUBLE WITH SINGLETON.

Police Receive a Dispatch from Detective Thornton.

Detective Ben 'Chornton wired Superintendent Colbert yesterday morning that he would leave Harrodsburg, Ky., with Harvey Singleton at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. This would have landed him in this city at 12:25 o'clock this morning, but he did not get here. A telegram received late yesterday evening stated that Thornton was having trouble in getting away with Singleton, but the nature of the trouble was not stated. Thornton went to Kentucky with a requisition from Governor Matthews for the return to this State of Singleton, and the requisition was duly honored by Governor Bradley, of Kentucky, and a warrant issued in the regular form. It is probable that friends of Singleton are delaying his removal by instituting habeas corpus pro-ceedings. Singleton is accused of the mur-der of Calvin Voris on Indiana avenue, about two months ago.

TESTIMONY AS TO THE OPERATIONS OF THE RAINES EXCISE LAW.

What Theodore Roosevelt, Chief of Police Conlin and Father Doyle Said on the Witness Stand.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.-Chief of Police Conlin was questioned to-day by the Senate special committee, now in session here pursuing an inquiry into the operations of the Raines excise law. He was not ready to concede that the law had accomplished all that its friends had expected that it would effect in regulating the liquor traffic, but he said that in many ways its provisions had been found to operate beneficially. The chief was asked if, in his opinion, liquor can be obtained at more places on Sundays under the present law than under the old. The chief at first declined to express an opinion, and then said: "Judging from the number of arrests for excise violations and selling without a license, I should say that there were fewer places where drinks could be had on Sun-

Father Doyle, pastor of the Church of the Paulist Fathers, and prominent in Roman Catholic temperance work, was next examined. He said: "It is my firm conviction that Sunday drunkenness has increased very much under the new law. This has caused great distress and pov-Our charitable societies have had larger drafts made upon their resources, and we have had a larger number of drunken brawls to settle, and a large number of complaints from women and chil-

Theodore Roosevelt, president of the Board of Police Commissioners, took the witness chair and went into a long recital of the violations, arrests and alleged discrimination against liquor dealers not affillated with Tammany Hall. The apparent immunity now enjoyed by excise vio-lators he attributed largely to defects in the law, but more especially to the action of juries, which seemed reluctant to convict alleged offenders. Here the commissioner read off a number of arrests made by the police, and which arrests were afterwards nullified by the action of the police magistrates. "We don't send a case to the grand jury," explained the commis-sioner, "unless we feel that we have ironclad evidence." The system of automatic licenses, the commissioner said, enables

certain disreputable places in this city stil to flourish. months," said Mr. Roosevelt, "has given me a perfect abhorrence of the sentimentality which surrounds the evil doer. Some clergymen think that saloons should be open some hours on Sunday."

EGYPT SHOCKED.

Buildings Swayed by an Earthquake at Cairo, Ill.

o'clock this afternoon. It was of sufficient force to rattle dishes and furniture, and buildings swayed perceptibly. The move-ment was from west to east.

A Saloon Keeper's Confession. were found shortly afterward. He said he was not able to sleep, and thought it better to confess. He says a sudden impulse seized him to steal the rings. He has been

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup Has been used over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in 1 minute.



FAMOUS COMEDY MELODRAMA, TRIP TO THE CITY

Including the Vivacious Soubrette MISS ADA MELROSE And a competent supporting cast. Sensation, Comedy and Pathos Blended. Dec. 10, 11, 12.—The New Night Owls. .A Brilliant Display of Good Things to Eat

THIRD INDIANAPOLIS PURE: FOOD: EXPO-ITION At TOMLINSON HALL, Dec. 1 to 15,

Grand Opening Dec. 1, Tuesday Evening, 7 to 10 o'clock. Concerts by the When Orchestra, afternoon at 3 o'clock. The commissioner said that the bonds

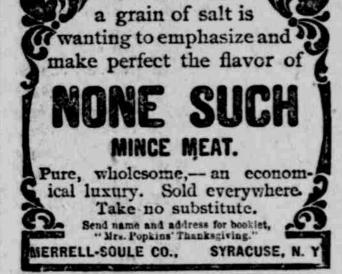
between the police and the saloon keeper had been broken, and this has reduced political corruntion to a minimum. "The litical corruption to a minimum. "The benefit of these things," he declared, "cannot be overestimated. Having spoken freey in criticism of the new law, I feel that ought to say this: 'I would rather have the new law with its many defects than the old law.' I would further suggest that there ought to be a law discriminating between the man who goes to a bar and takes his drink on Sunday and the man who goes to a family resort with his wife and children and makes the occasion a holiday or an outing. I say this, although realizing how difficult it would be to frame such a measure."

CAIRO, Ill., Dec. 1 .-- An earthquake shock, preceded by a rumpling sound of considerable violence, was felt here at 1:20

CINCINNATI, Dec. 1.—Thomas Frazier, a saloon keeper, of Lebanon, O., gave himself up to the police to-day, saying he stole the tray of diamond rings from Oskamp's jewelry store last week. It will be recalled that a thief entered the store and took from the case a tray of rings, which he se-creted in an adjoining building, where they

Soothing Syrup, 25 cents a bottle.

The usual winter chorus has commenced. Cough, cough, cough, is the order of the day. Can't this thing be stopped? It can. All that is needed to cure the husky throats and restore the sore lungs to health and soundness is Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar, procurable at and of



EMPIRE To-day at 2

O'CLOCK P. M. TO 10 O'CLOCK P. M.

noon and evening. Lectures on Domestic Science, by Miss Emma Sickles, of Chicago, every after-Admission, 15 cents.

Is needed by poor, tired mothers, debilitated and run down because of poor, thin blood. Help is needed by the nervous sufferer, the men and women tortured with rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, scrofula, catarrh. Help comes quickly when Hood's Sarsaparilla begins to enrich, purify and vitalize the blood and send it in a healing, nourishing, invigorating stream to all the nerves, muscles and organs of the body.

Hoods Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. 21. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills take, easy to operate. 25c.

AMUSEMENTS. GRAND-To-Day : P. M.

A. M. FALMER'S COMPANY, PRESENTING THE PLAY OF THE CENTURY. PRICES-25c, 50c, 75c, \$1. Matinee-35c, 50c.

TO-MORROW-SAT. MAT.

Too Much Johnson

By William Gillette. Management, Charles Frohman. PRICES-25c, 50c, 75c, \$1. Matinee 25c, 50c Seats at the Pembroke.

ENGLISH'S - To-Night, Four Nights.

A PLAY OF INTENSE INTEREST. Popular Prices Gallery, 15c.; balcony, 25c.; dress circle, 50c.; orchestra, 75c.; orchestra circle, \$1. Matinee: Lower floor, 50c.; balcony, 25c. Seats at the Pem-

ENGLISH'S, TUESDAY, DEC. 8

NORDICA Concert Co.

MME. LILLIAN NORDICA Mme Rosa Linde Contralto Mr. Wm. H. Rieger Tenor Mr. Jno. C. Dempsey Baritone

Sig. C. de Macchi..... Piano Virtuoso and Conductor Sale of Seats Opens To-morrow at 9 a. m., Pembroke Arcade.

PRICES-Orchestra and Orchestra Circle, 12: Dress Circle, \$1.50; Balcony, \$1; Gallery, 50c.

PARK-TO-DAY-2 P. M. THE FARCE-COMEDY FURORE A Railroad Ticket

Cinematographe

The Sunday Journal, by Mail, \$2 a Year

Better Prices for Bible Buyers

Since we inaugurated our half-wholesale price Bible Sale on November 9, it has been the talk of the town and of all the country around. Sunday-School Teachers have bought them by the dozen for gifts for Christmas. We have sent them by mail far and near. Envious dealers have wondered how we can sell Bibles at such marvelously low prices, although we explained at the time that we bought them at much less than half wholesale prices. We have been besieged by importers and publishers from New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, and other places to unload their stock of Bibles. One traveling man saw

our advertisement in the Indianapolis Journal in another State, and made a break for Indiana's Bargain Book Store

As a consequence, we have placed five (5) orders for Bibles since our sale began. They are "brand-splinter" new, and some of them we bought at one-fourth the legitimate retail price. These Bibles are in the house now, and we give notice to all concerned that we will not only meet, but undersell, all competitors. If we should claim to carry twentyyear. He went to the Kentucky metropolis five to fifty times more Bibles than any other store, we should not expect people to believe a word of our advertisements. We do claim, however, to carry a greater and better variety of Bibles than any other concern in the State of Indiana. We are able to furnish any sort of a Bible made upon this "round green earth." We call attention to the fact that we have been quoting half or less, WHOLESALE prices (wholesale, mind you). Perhaps it will satisfy more people to quote the legitimate RETAIL price, and then quote our present selling price.

Don't Forget

That the Bibles we quote are all overlapping edges, full gilt. They contain the maps. teachers' helps, concordance, tables of weights and measures, and have a good rubber band to put on the outside. We have been quoting prices on a large assortment of Bibles. We have the same. We quote now a few leading representative kinds. Order by numbers.

Teachers' Bibles

Minion Type.

No. 1, \$2.50; Allison-Enos No. 1, with side-pocket for holding purse or handkerchief, etc., \$2.65; Allison-

No. 1, with cut indexed edges, \$3.25; Allison - Enos

Teachers' Bibles

Minion Type, Leather Lined. No. 2, \$3.00; Allison-Enos No.2, with side-pocket, \$3.15;

Allison-Enos price....\$1.13 Z No. 2, with cut indexed edges, \$3.75; Allison - Enos

Remember the Bibles in this price \$1.29 \= section are leather lined.

Teachers' Bibles

Large Type, (Burgeois). This book is linen lined on the inside of covers and also on the face of the fly-leaf. It is better than a poor quality leather lined. No. 4, \$4.50; Allison-Enos price\$1.47 No. 4, cut indexed edges, \$5.25; now..... \$1.97 Postage on these, 24c. Leather lined sent if preferred.

If you find a Bible that you think is as good as ours, borrow it, come to us, and we

will sell it for less money. See our fine gift books for Xmas. CALENDARS

Best Line in City. Prices Lowest.

Come or write to INDIANA'S BARGAIN BOOKSTORE,

The Allison-Enos Co.

92 North Meridian Street, Indianapolis.